





# Income Generation Activity Business plan

# $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Mushroom Cultivation and Pickle Making} \ \ \textbf{and its value addition} \\ 2022 \end{array}$







Name of the Self Help Group	, Santoshi Mata Self Help Group
Name of the Rural Forest Development Committee	, Kulah
Name of the Field Technical Unit	, Swarghat
Name of DMU/ Forest Division	, Bilaspur
FCCU/Circle	, Bilaspur
Sponsored by PIHPFEM&L(JICA)	prepared by:-  DMU Bilaspur , FTU Swarghat and Santoshi Mata Self Help Group

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#### Introduction

Himachal Pradesh is a majestic , mythical land and is famous for its beauty and serenity , rich culture and religious heritage. The state has diverse ecosystems , rivers and valleys , and has a population of 7.5 million and covers an area of 55,673 sq km ranging from the foothills of the Shivalik mountains to the middle hills ( 300 - 6816 m above MSL) , high hills and the cool arid regions of the Upper Himalayas. It is spread over valleys in which several perennial rivers flow. About 90% of the state's population lives in rural areas. Agriculture , horticulture , hydropower and tourism are important components of the state's economy. There are 12 districts in the state and Its population density is quite high.

The district is situated along the border of Punjab and is the gateway for its tourist destinations and Himalayan tours , the routes for Himalayan tours from Bilaspur district connects Mandi, Kullu, Shimla, Solan, Hamirpur and Kangra districts.

as its main lifeline. And after the construction of Bhakra Dam, most of the fertile land area of this district has become submerged.

Forests and forest ecosystems are repositories of rich biodiversity , and play a vital role in preserving fragile sloping lands and were the primary sources of livelihood for the rural population. Rural people are directly dependent on forest resources for their livelihood and socio-economic development. The harsh reality is that these resources are continuously depleting due to overexploitation such as for fodder , fuel , NTFP extraction, grazing , fire and drought etc.

Two self-help groups have been formed to implement livelihood improvement activities under Kulah Forest Rural Development Committee. One of these , "Santoshi Mata "self-help group, is engaged in mushroom cultivation and pickle making. The group members belong to the weaker sections of the society and have small land holdings. To enhance his socio-economic status, he decided to cultivate mushrooms and make pickles. In which Dr. Ulshida, Subject Specialist, Office of Forest Division Bilaspur, Sahil, Forest Guard, Swarghat Beat and Poonam Thakur, FTU Coordinator Swarghat were included, in which Ved Prakash Pathania, retired from Himachal Pradesh, contributed in preparing the business plan under the constant supervision and guidance of the same.

#### **Executive Summary**

#### Kulah Forest Rural Development Committee:-

Kulah Gramin Van Vikas Samiti is part of revenue village Kulah and Van Vikas Samiti Kulah is constituted by Gram Panchayat Kutehala . It is located in Shri Naina Devi G Block of Bilaspur district in Himachal Pradesh and lies between 31.239796 ° N latitude - 76.726955 ° E longitude. Kulah Gramin Van Vikas Samiti falls under Swarghat Beat of Shri Naina Devi G Block under Swarghat Forest Range in Bilaspur Forest Division Management Unit (DMU) .

#### Important features of VFDS:-

This region is famous for off-season vegetables, ginger, turmeric, mango and amla.

Number of families	53 ( General )
BPL families	8
total population	200

#### Details of Self Help Group

Santoshi Mata Self Help Group was formed in April 2021 under Kulah Forest Rural Development Committee to provide livelihood improvement support by upgrading skills and capacities. The group comprises poor and marginal farmers.

Santoshi Mata Self Help Group is a women's group ( ten women) consisting of members from the marginalized and financially weaker sections of the society with less land resources. Though all the members of the group grow seasonal vegetables etc. but since the land of these members is very small and irrigation facility is less and the production level has reached near saturation , to meet their financial

requirements they decided to  $\,$  do mushroom farming  $\,$ . This can increase their income. There are  $\,$  10 members in this group and their monthly contribution is Rs  $\,$  10  $\,$  0/- per month. The details of the group members are as follows: -

भोटो के साथ स्वयं सहायता समुह सदस्यों का विवरण

	थ स्वय सहायता समुह सदस्य	म का विवरण				
वः स	नाम	पद	वर्ग	उग्र	शैक्षणिक	मोवाइल
	0		a .		योग्यता	नंबर
1.	भीतम शकुर धाठ शाम मुक	५ पृथान	भामान्य	44	loth	98189-3798
2	कान्या दुवी अभगात	क्षाध्यहा	भागान्य	43	8th	97369 - 4249
3	स्वरंगा द्वा <sup>ला०</sup> अापके सार हेन प्राच्याती भरप होस	भाचव	भागान्य	40	10th	82199 - 8078
1	न्यस्या देवी भाव शानक्षमार	24424	भागान्य	32	12th	98050-0026
5.	वमलंश देवी का अग्रासंह	भदस्य	मामान्य	42	_	78767 -6405
6.	रेनम देवी ज्यामह	अदस्य	भागान्य	47	_	90150-24318
".	गामला देवी का अमग्रमह	अदस्य	सामान्य	40	5 <sup>th</sup>	83518-7303
S	Mari ad W10 44191-14	अदर-प	भागान्य	39 .	5 <sup>th</sup>	82620 - 5436
٠),	देवती देवी पार्व देवन्द्र सिंह	अंदर-यं	शामान्य	45	y th	82195-2967
10.	निमा देवी जाठ धर्मपाला	24421	भाभान्य	33	5th	62309 - 6102
il.		,	-			
12.						,
13.			5.			1
1-1.				-		
15.				-		
16.				·		

## Details of SHG members with photo



Neelam Thakur (President)



Kanta Devi (Treasurer)



Dimple Devi (Secratery)



Swaroopa Devi



Kamlesh Devi



Rachna Devi



Sharmila Devi



Seema Devi



Devaki Devi



Nisha Devi

Santoshi Mata Self Help Group, Kulah

Santoshi wata Seli Help Group, Kulan		
Name of the self help group	,	Santoshi Mata
SHG/CIG MIS Code Number	,	,
Name of the Rural Forest Development	,	Kulah
Committee		
Name of the Field Technical Unit	,	Swarghat
Name of DMU/Forest Division	,	Bilaspur
Village	,	
		Kulah
Section	,	Swarghat
District	,	Bilaspur
Total number of members in the self help	,	1 0
group		
Date of formation	,	April, 2021
Name and details of the bank	,	HP Cooperative Bank Ltd
Bank account number	,	11810108206
SHG/Monthly Savings	,	Rs. 1000 /- per month
Total savings	,	19000/
Total Inter-Loan	,	Yes
cash credit limit	,	,
Repayment Status		quarterly basis

# Geographical description of the village

6 11 4 1 4 1 4		(0.1
away from district headquarter	,	42 km
Distance from the main road	,	1km approx
	,	
and distance of local market	,	Swarghat 3 km , Gambhar 1 1 km , Bilaspur
		42 km approx. 38 km
Names and distances of major	,	Swarghat 3 km , Gambhar 1 1 km ,
cities	,	Bilaspur 42 km approximately.
Names of major cities where	,	Swarghat, Gambhar, Bilaspur
The products will be sold/marketed	,	
status of previous and upcoming	,	The back link lies in training ( Krishi
episodes	,	Vigyan Kendra ), Compost Bag Span
	1	

	(Horticulture Department) and the front
	link lies in market suppliers etc.

## Description of the product related to the income generating activity

Product Name	,	The group will be involved in production of button mushroom and dhingri under controlled environment
Method of product identification	,	Although members of the entire group grow seasonal vegetable crops. As their land holding is very small, the production has reached saturation point, hence they are not able to meet their financial requirements, hence it was decided by the group members that mushroom cultivation, pickle making and its value addition will increase their income. Apart from this they usually go to Swarghat market to sell their vegetable crop. The market links already exist. They will not have to spend extra time and money for marketing the mushrooms.
Consent of SHG/CIG/ Group	,	The consent is attached as annexure.

#### production processes

Training for mushroom cultivation has been arranged by JICA project at KVK Sundarnagar . The entire cost of training with spot demonstration is borne by the JICA project.

decided to start work with Dhingri mushroom production initially , as the training has been completed during February and the start date is March. April / May , June / July Months after 1943 These are more suitable for the cultivation of this mushroom. 250 compost spawn added bags will be purchased and installed in a rented/rented room.

Three tier wooden/bamboo rack fitting , along with two exhaust fans one for fresh air and other at the bottom to exhaust the indoor air will be installed. One ceiling fan to reduce the room temperature and another (heat blower) to increase the room temperature , A dry and wet thermometer will be installed in the hall to maintain the required room temperature. The room will be washed and cleaned with formalin ( 5 ml/litre) two to three times before loading the bags . Two crops of button mushroom and Dhingri of two crops ( 70 to 75 days cycle for each ) with business plan ( August to February are the best months for button mushrooms and March to July for dhingri) This plan has been prepared after discussion and participation with the group . The group members will work for 1 hour daily , half an hour in the morning and half an hour in the evening.

## Description of the production plan:

Production cycle (75	,	Button mushroom cultivation can be done from
days)		September to March in Bilaspur district. After putting
		the spawn in the compost bag, it takes 30 to 40 days
		for the mushrooms to get pinup heads. three flushes
		after that A total of 75 days are required to harvest
		three flushes of mushroom crop . The production cycle
		of a crop will be of 75 days. Four crop cycles will be
		repeated in a year as per the details given below:-
		First crop of Dhingri mushroom (from February to
		April = for 75 days)
		Second crop of Dhingri mushroom (May to end of
		July).
		Third crop of button mushroom ( September to
		November = for 75 days)
		Fourth crop of button mushroom ( November to
		January = 75 days)

Manpower	,	Initially the whole group will work together to
Requirement (		install/build the racks , clean the room and transport
Numbers )		the compost bags across the road to the production
		sites. After this, for the first 30 days 2 persons will work
		for 1 hour ( 1/2 hour in the morning and 1/2 hour in the
		evening) in rotation for cleaning , humidification ,
		temperature regulation etc.
		4 persons 3 hours for harvesting, soiling, caging,
		cleaning, weighing and packing for next 31 to 75
		days.
		Marketing hours are not included as one of the
		members will regularly sell mushrooms along with
		vegetables in the market.
		4 people making compost will work for 2 days and 2
		hours.
		nouis.
		Tatallahan mada dilika 706 hanna disida itha 0
		Total labour work will be 706 hours , if we divide it by 8
		( hours) then it will become 88 days and multiplying it by
		the wage rate of Rs 300 /day, we get the cost of
		labour 26400 Rupees come out.
Source of raw	,	Horticulture Department , Palampur and Solan District
materials		Of Himachal Pradesh. Generally all the material is
		available in Sundarnagar KVK.
source of other	_	- above -
Resource.	,	
(i) Quantity	,	250 Compost Spawn Bags , Formalin , 200 ml ,
required for button		Bavistin 100 gm , Packing material (polythene
mushroom (75		sleeves) 3 kg.
days)		, - 3
(ii) Dhingri a		
circle Of For Required		For the Dhingri
quantity i.e. 75 days		Spawn: 25 kg, Wheat Or straw of other crop: 500 kg,
		Formline: 2 liters, Bavistin: 100 grams, Polysheet: 1
		300 Transparent Polythene Bags for Dhingri Manure
		, Polythene Sleeves 5 Kg ( 3 Kg for new and 2 Kg for
		replacement of torn bags )

Expected production in 75 days	,	<b>Dhingri</b> :- Average production of Dhingri from one bag of compost is about 1.6 kg. Yield for 250 bags 400 kg it will be dingy
		Button Mushrooms, The average production of mushrooms from a bag is 2.0 kg / 1 bag = 2.0 kg 250Bags x 2.0 kg.= 500 Kg,

# Marketing / Sales Details

Potential market space	,	Swarghat, Gambhar, Bilaspur
Distance from unit	,	Swarghat 3 km , Gambhar 1 1 km , Bilaspur 4 2 km approximately.
Demand for the product in the market		There is demand for mushrooms throughout the year.
Market Identification Process	,	Vegetable market in Swarghat, Gambhar, Bilaspur .
Impact of weather on the market.	,	Mushrooms are delicious in all seasons and are in high demand throughout the year. However, the demand increases more during summer and wedding ceremonies.
potential buyers of the product.	,	Possible locations are markets , shops , local residents/marriages and other formal occasions etc.
potential consumers in the region.	,	All health conscious citizens / families.
Marketing mechanism of the product.	,	Daily supply of mushrooms based on demand in the market and local vendors and those from Swarghat, Gambhar, Bilaspur We will sell them in the open market as well,
Marketing strategy of the product.	,	Initially the group will approach all the vegetable retailers of Swarghat town, then as the production increases, retailers of Gambhir, Bilaspur will also be approached to sell their produce on net rate or on commission basis.

Product branding.	,	" Santoshi Mata Fresh Mushrooms ".
Product slogan	,	'' Eat mushrooms and stay healthy."

## Management details among members

After receiving training, all the members will divide their labour amongst themselves while managing the daily work , marketing and keeping themselves connected with the department and Rural Forest Development Committee .

## **SWOT Analysis**

Description / Item	,	Description
Strength	,	All members of the group are like-minded and adapt to the local and social environment. Production cost is low , the product is of high quality and demand , growing cycles are short , production will be all year round.  Readymade compost bags are available with the Horticulture Department in Palampur and Solan.  Training and exposure will be organized by JICA Forestry Project for SHG financial assistance.
weakness	,	New self help group , lack of experience in mushroom production/farming.
Opportunity	,	Demand is high and returns are high.
hazard	,	Internal conflicts within the group , lack of transparency and lack of ability to take major risks

## Description of potential hazardsand Ways to reduce them

potential risk	,	remedy to do to reduce For them.
at the same time	,	First of all keep your hands clean by washing them
Destroy harmful	,	And wash your feet with soap and then dip them in
infection product		formalin solution
can do		Entering the room.
		Only 2 to 3 persons will enter the room with full kit (cap,
2. Temperature		gloves, apron etc.).
Maintenance and		Spray regularly to avoid fungal attack.
control		With the help of the thermo meter the required
	,	temperature will be maintained with the given equipment.

3. Market santripta	,	for value addition dry mushroom , Mushroom pickle , soup and other products etc. will be prepared .
Internal conflict in the group , transparency	,	To eliminate conflict the cause must be dealt with at an early stage . exposure to all members of the group , equal sharing of benefits , need to give respect and honour to every member .
market		There are always fluctuations in the market ; demand and supply always vary. Therefore members continue to explore new markets and buyers.
Production	,	Production will be increased gradually according to the market

# Project Description of the economics of the

# First cycle:

project cost	Amount Rooms
Capital Cost	
Construction of three tire wooden/bamboo rack fitting	15,000
Ceiling Fan( 1 No)	2500
Exhaust Fans (2)	3000
Room heat/blower/	1500
Dry and Wet Thermometer ( 1 Set)	1000
Electronic Weighing Machine (1no)	900
Hot Plastic Roof Rod (1no)	800
Lightweight Spray Pump ( 1no)	1800
Sharp Knife Set No. (1 Set)	75
Scissors, (2 nos)	400
Trays/Baskets ( 6 Nos )	600

# **Business plan**

Fruit crate ( 4 nos .) .	2400
Water tanks 1000 liters 1 no. including rent	8000
Water and electricity fittings material and charges	4000
Dryer	16000
Grinder	10000
Miscellaneous expenses	3000
total capital cost	70975
Recurring cost for 1st cycle (75 days)	

Cost of renting room 1 hall (mushroom growing unit) @ Rs. 1000/ month. (3 months) =	3,000
Formalin	600
Labour wages 88 days=( @Rs 300 / day)=  126400	26400
Dhingri Compost Bags 250 nos @ Rs.40 per bag and other raw materials including rent	10000
Packaging (packaging materials etc.)	3000
Rent	1000
Electricity and water usage charges @ Rs 1000 per month	3000
Miscellaneous Expenses (Stationery , Bill Books , Receipts etc.)	1500
Recurring cost of one cycle=B1+B2+B3+B4+B5+B6+B7+B8	485 00
Total project cost( A+B)= 70975+ 485 00=119475	119475

# Cost Benefit Analysis First Cycle:-

Specific	Unit	Quantity/No	expressions	Amount (Rupee.)
Depreciation 10% on capital cost	month	3	10%	1750
Recurring cost for 3 months				
Room rental price 1 hall	month	3	1000	3,000
(mushroom growing unit)				
@ Rs. 1000/ month. ( 3 months)				
Each bottle containing 250	No	2 bottles	300	600
Formalin.				
Labour wages 88 days =( @ Rs	Day	88	300	26400
300/ day)				
= Rs 26400				
Dhingri Manure Bags 250 No @	No	250	40	10000
Rs. 40 per bag and other raw				
material including cart				
Packaging (packaging materials	Kilogram	5	600	3000
etc.)				
Traffic payment	,	,	,	1000
Electricity and water usage	month	3	1000	3000
charges @ Rs 1000 per month				

Miscellaneous Expenses			L/S	,	1500
(Stationery,					
bill books, receipts	etc.)				
Total					48500
Total production	Dhingri				400 Kg
kg.	Fertilizer				500 Kg
Sale of production	Dhingri 400	kg @ Rs.15	0		60000
in kg.	Compost 50	0 kg @ 5			2500
	Total				62500
total profit	62500- (1750+48500)				12250
Gross Profit	Total profit	41650			
	12250+(2640				
second installment	ount to be			14494	
reserved for profit					
and the amount to r	epay the third	d			
installment					
Amount available f	or distribution	n of profits			-20494
among members in					
of product – (Principal amount + Interest +					
Recurring cost of 2nd and 3rd installment)					
62500- (18563 + 1437 + 48500 + 14494)					

Note :- Rs. 14494 will be kept in reserve for payment of 2nd and 3rd instalment ,

# Cost Benefit Analysis Second Cycle

Senior No	Specific	Unit	Quantity/No	expressions	Amount ( Rupee.)
Α	Depreciation 10% on capital cost	month	3	10%	1750
В	Recurring cost for 3 months				
1.	Room rental price 1 hall (mushroom growing unit) @Rs1000 /month.( 3 months)=	month	3	1000	3,000
2.	Each bottle contains 250 Formalin	No	2 bottles	300	600
3.	Labour wages 88 days =( @ Rs 300/ day)	Day	88	300	26400

	= Rs 26400					
4.	Dhingri Manure Bags 250 No @ Rs. 40 per bag and other raw material including rent		No	250	40	10000
5.	Packaging (packaging materials etc.)		Kilogram	5	600	3000
6.	Traffic payment		,	,	,	1000
7.	Electricity and water usage charges @ Rs 1000 per month		month	3	1000	3000
	Total					47000
	<u> </u>		•	•	•	•
9.	Total	Dhingri Mu	ıshroom			400 kg
	production kg.	Fertilizer				500 Kg
10.	Sale of production in kg.	Dhingri 400 Compost 5	•	150		60000 2500
					Total	62500
11.	total profit	62500 - (17	50+47000)			19750
12.	Gross Profit	Total profit 13750 +(26		_	Room rent	43150
13.	Amount available for distribution of profit among members in the second cycle = Sale of product – (Principal amount + Interest + Recurring cost for next cycle) =62500-(19032 + 968 +57300)				(-)14800	

# Cost Benefit AnalysisThird Cycle

Specific	Unit	Quantity/No	expressions	
				(Rupee.)
Depreciation at 10% on capital	month	3	10%	1750
cost				
Recurring cost for 3 months				
Cost of rent of 1 hall room	month	3	1000	3,000
(mushroom growing unit)				
@ Rs 1000/ month. (Three				
months)				
Each bottle containing 250	No	2 bottles	300	600
Formalin.				
Labour wages 88 days =( @	Day	88	300	26400

22750+ (26400+3000) =  Amount available for distribution of profit among members in the third cycle = Sale of product – (Principal amount + Interest + Recurring cost)			4606		
Gross Profit	Total profit + Labor wages + Room rent			52150	
total profit	82500 -(1750+58000)			22750	
				Total	82500
<del></del> -	Compost	750 Kg @ R	ks 10		7500
in kg.	2001.3				
Sale of production	500 kg @ Rs.150			75000	
kg.	Compost			750 Kg	
Total production	Button Mushroom			500 Kg	
Total	90. 111011111				58000
charges @ Rs 1000 p	Ū	IIIOIIIII		1000	3000
Traffic payment Electricity and water	r usago	month	3	1000	3000
materials etc.)					1000
Packaging (packagi	ng	Kilogram	2.5	600	1500
including cart					
bag and other raw r	naterial				
Bags 250 nos @ Rs.	90 <b>pe</b> r				
Button Mushroom Compost		No	250	90	22,500
= Rs 24200					

# Cost Benefit Analysis Fourth Cycle

Specific	Unit	Quantity/No	expressions	Amount (Rupee.)
Depreciation at 10% on capital cost	month	3	10%	1750
Recurring cost for 3 months				
Room rental price 1 hall (mushroom growing unit) @ Rs. 1000/ month. (3 months)	month	3	1000	3,000
Each bottle containing 250 Formalin.	No	2 bottles	300	600
Labour wages 88 days =( @ Rs 300/ day) = Rs 26400	Day	88	300	26400

Button Mushroom	Compost	No	250	90	22,500
Bags 250 Nos @ Rs.90 per					
bag and other raw	v material				
including cart					
Packaging (packa	aging	Kilogram	2.5	600	1500
materials etc.)					
Traffic payment		,	,	,	1000
Electricity and wa	ter usage	month	3	1000	3000
charges @ Rs 100	0 per month				
Total	·		58000		
Total	Button Mushroom			500 Kg	
production kg.	Fertilizer			750 <b>Kg</b>	
Sale of	500 kg @ Rs.150			75000	
production in	Compost 750 kg @ Rs 10			7500	
kg.					
	Total			82500	
total profit	82500 - (1750+58000)				22750
Gross Profit Total profit + Labor wages + Room rent			52150		
	22750 +(26400 + 3000)=				
Amount available for distribution of					
profit among members in the fourth			24500		
cycle = Sale of product- (Principal					
amount + Interest + Recurring cost)					
82500 -(0+0+58000)					

Income	
Direct Income	
(I) First cycle	
Dhingri Mushroom	(-)20494
(ii) Second cycle	( ) 1 4000
Dhingri Mushroom	(-)14800
(iii) Third cycle	4606
Button Mushroom	4000
(d) Fourth Chakra	24500
Button Mushroom	
Total Direct Income	-6188
Indirect Income	
Labor wages	
(i) First cycle	26400
(ii) Second cycle	26400
(iii) Third cycle	26400

(d) Fourth Chakra	26400
Tota	105600
Room rent	
(i) First cycle	3000
(ii) Second cycle	3000
(iii) Third cycle	3000
(d) Fourth Chakra	3000
Tota	12000
Total Indirect Income	117600
total common day	111412

# **Summary of Economics**

# Cost of production in all four cycles

Specific	Amount in Rs.
Total recurring cost	
(i) First cycle	49500
Dhingri Mushroom	48500
(ii) Second cycle	4-000
Dhingri Mushroom	47000
(iii) Third cycle	
Button Mushroom	58000
(d) Fourth Chakra	58000
Button Mushroom	211500
Total	211500
10% depreciation on capital cost	7000
( Annual).	
10% interest on loan	2894
Total	221394

# The essence of production costs

Description	Amount (Rs.)
recurring cost	211500
10% depreciation on capital Value	7000
Cost	
10% interest on loan	2894
Total	221394

# Assessing the Selling Price

Description	Unit	Amount (Rs.)
-------------	------	--------------

Recurring Cost ( 221394/1800)	Kilogram	122
Fixed profit 23%	Kilogram	28
Total		150
market price	Kilogram	150

## **Benefit Cost Analysis (Annual)**

Description	Amount (Rs.)
10% on capital cost (a)	7000
Recurring Cost (B)	
Room rent	12000
Labor	105600
Compost Bags Price	65000
Formalin	2400
Packaging (packaging materials etc.)	9000
Traffic payment	4000
Use of electricity and water	12000
Miscellaneous Expenses(Stationery, Bill Books,	1500
receipt etc.)	
Total	211500
Total production of Dhingri and Button mushroom	1800 Kg
Selling price of Dhingri and Button Mushroom	270000
selling price of fertilizer	20000
Total	290000
Gross profit = Selling price- (Capital cost + Recurring cost) =290000- (70975+211500)	7525
Gross profit = Total profit + Labor wages + Room	125125
Rent	
=7525+105600+12000	1000
Distribution of profit among group members after four	-40925
cycles = Total Profit – (Principal amount + Interest +	
Recurring cost for fifth cycle)	
=7525-(0+0+48500)	

Note:- Labor wages and room rent are not included in this amount.

From the above it is clear that each member will not get any additional income after completing four cycles of  $75 \, \mathrm{days}$ . The overall profit of  $48500 \, \mathrm{is}$  as recurring cost of the fifth cycle stand invested.

## Resources of funds and requirement of funds

Description of resources	Amount in Rs.
Part of the project at capital cost of Rs . 70975	53231
(75%)	

Monthly contribution till date	26985
Loan from bank	57000
Total	137216

one lakh rupees will be provided to the self help group as revolving fund to take loan from the bank.

75% of the capital cost will be borne by the project.

5% interest of the loan will be borne by the project.

## Calculating the Break-Even Point

Break even point = Capital cost/sales/kg.-Recurring cost/kg.

=70975/150 -122

=70975/28=2834 kg

Break even point can be achieved after nine months after selling 2534 kg of Dhingri and Button mushrooms .

## Loan Repayment Schedule (at10% interest)

S.no	month	loar	repaym	ent	cumulative	Loan B	alance	
		Principal Amount	Interest	Total	loan repaymen t	Principal Amount	Interest	Total
	Month-	0	0	0	0	57000	475	57475
2	Month-	0	0	0	0	57475	479	57954
3	Month-	0	0		0	57954	483	58437
4	Month-	18563	1437	20000	20000	38437	320	38757
5	Month-	0	0	0	0	38757	322	39057
6	Month-	0	0	0	0	39057	326	39383
7	Month-	19032	968	20000	20000	19405	162	19567
8	Month-	0	0	0	0	19567	163	19730

	8							
9	Month-	0	0	0	0	19730	164	19894
	9							
10	Month-	19405	489	19894	19894	0	0	0
	10							
11	Total	57000	2894	59894	59894		2894	

#### Comment:

The upcoming vision of the group is to increase their income by value addition in the form of pickles, readymade soups, dried mushrooms etc.

#### Surprising mushroom health benefits for your skin, brain and bones

"They contain many minerals such as selenium, potassium, copper, iron and phosphorus that are not often found in plant-based foods."

- 1. help keep you young .
- 2. protect your brain as you age .
- 3. Mushrooms can improve your memory.
- 4. Mushrooms may help your heart health.
- 5. Mushrooms can help strengthen your bones.
- 6. Mushrooms will help give you energy.
- 7. Mushrooms help fight many diseases, especially cancer,

Mushroom delicacies are special dishes, tasty, healthy and economical.

#### Comment:

Keeping in view the future income of the group the second proposed activity by the group is manufacture of pickles and its value addition. As it was decided in principle during the review mission, that more than one activity should be included in a business plan, hence the second proposed activity is enclosed below.

Pickle making and its value addition

By

Santoshi Mata Self Help Group

#### **Executive Summary**

The income generating activity of pickle making has been selected by Santoshi Mata Self Help Group. This IGA will be done by all the women of this self help group. Initially, pickles of Galgal, Amla etc. will be made by this group. This activity is already being carried out by some of the women in this group. This business activity will be carried out by the group members—during seasonal time. The process of making pickle takes about—7 days. The production process includes process like cleaning, washing, grinding, mixing, drying etc. Initially the group will manufacture galgal and amla pickles. The product will be sold directly by the Group or indirectly through retailers and whole sellers in the near market.

#### Description of the product related to the income generating activity

Product Name	,	Pickle making and its value addition
Method of product identification	,	This activity is already being done by some women self help groups and it is decided by the group members
Consent of SHG/CIG/Cluster members	,	Yes

#### Description of production processes

- The group will make pickles of galgal, amla etc. This business activity will be done by the group members during seasonal time.
- The pickling process takes around 7 days.
- The production process includes processes like cleaning, washing, grinding, mixing, drying etc.
- Initially the group will manufacture 100 kg of pickles per month of local fruits available in the area during the season and will also manufacture other products using the same production process.

#### Description of the production plan

Galgal pickle (in days)	,	7 days
Production cycle of Amla		7 days
Pickle (in days)		
Manpower required per cycle	,	as required
(No.)		
Source of raw materials	,	local content

Source of other resources	,	Local Market / Main Market
Quantity required per cycle for Galgal pickle (kg)	,	For 50 kg of galgal pickle, 40 kg of galgal and 10 kg of masala is required
Quantity required per cycle for Amla (kg)		For 50 kg of amla pickle, 35 kg of amla and 15 kg of spices are required
Expected output per cycle(kg)	,	50 Kg Each

# Raw material requirement and expected production

Serial Numbe r	Raw Material	Unit	Time	Quantity(approx.	Amoun t per kg (Rs.)	Total Amoun t	Expected Production Monthly(kg )
1	Galgal	Kilogra m	Monthl y	100	20	2000	125
2	Spices	Kilogra m	Monthl y	25	150	3750	
1	Gooseberr y	Kilogra m	Monthl y	100	30	3000	125
2	Spices	Kilogra m	Monthl y	25	150	3750	

# Marketing/Sales Details

1	Potential market space	Swarghat 3 km , Gambhar 1 1 km , Bilaspur 4 2
2	Distance from unit	km approximately.
3	Demand for the product in the market	Daily Demand
4	Market Identification Process	Group members will contact the local hoteliers every month for their demand and select/list the retailer/wholesaler as per the demand in the market. Initially the product will be sold in nearby markets.
5	marketing strategy of the product	Self Help Group members will sell their product directly from the village shops and construction site/shop. Also by retailers , wholesalers from nearby markets. Initially the product will be sold in 0.5-1 kg packaging.

6	Product Branding	The product will be marketed at the CIG/SHG
		level by branding the CIG/SHG. Later this IGA
		may require branding at cluster level
7	Product "slogan"	" Santoshi Mata Galgal , Amla Pickle "

#### **SWOT Analysis**

#### Strength -

- The activity is already being carried out by some SHG members
- Raw materials easily available
- The manufacturing process is simple
- Proper packing and easy to transport
- Product shelf life is long
- · Homemade, low cost

#### Weakness -

- humidity, moisture on manufacturing process/product.
- Extremely laborious work.
- Competes with other old and famous products.

#### Opportunity -

- There are good opportunities for profits as the cost of the product is lower than other similar categories of products.
- Shops Fast
   Food stalls,retailers,wholesalers, CanteenRestaurant And CooksHousewives inhig
   h There are opportunities for expansion with demand and large scale production.
- Daily/weekly consumption and consumption by all buyers across all seasons.

### Danger / Risk -

- humidity during manufacturing and packaging especially in winter and rainy season.
- Sudden increase in the prices of raw materials.
- competitive market.

### Management details among members

By mutual consent the members of the self help group will decide their role and responsibility to carry out the work. Work will be divided among the

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members according to their mental and physical capacity. ( Labour Department)

- Some members of the group will be involved in the pre-production process (i.e. collection of raw materials, etc.)
- Some group members will be involved in the production process.
- Some members of the group will be involved in packaging and marketing.

#### Economics details of:

A.	Capital Cost			
Serial Number	Description	amount	Unit Price	Total Amount (Rs.)
1	Grinder Machine (1-2 HP)	1	18000	18,000
2	Mixer	2	4000	8,000
3	Vegetable Dehydrator	1	40000	40,000
4	weighing machine	1	2000	2,000
5	kitchen tools		About	8000
6	Finished product storage cupboard/rack		About	8000
7	Hand Operated Jar Sealing Machine	1	15000	15000
8	Apron , Cap , Plastic Hand Gloves etc	5	About	1000
	Total capital cost (A) =			1,00,000

B. recurring cost **Total Amount** Serial Description Unit amount price Number (Rs.) 2000 100 20 1 Galgal kg/month 7500 2 50 150 Raw Material (Masala) kg/month 3000 3 100 30 Gooseberry kg/month 5000 4 **Packaging Materials** month About 5000 1000 5 1 1000 transportation month 6 1000 1000 1 Other (stationary, month electricity, water Bill for repair of machine) 7 04 300 1200 For the production of two Day quintals of pickles 2 hrs / day. Total 30 hours

for 5 women for 03 days		
i.e. 8 hours each, labour		
cost for 04 days @		
Rs.300/- / day		
recurring cost		20700

Cost of Production (Monthly)	
Description	Amount (Rs.)
Total recurring cost	20700
Depreciation at 10% per annum on capital cost	10000
Total	30700

Calculate the selling price of Galgal pickle(per cycle)			
Description	Unit	Amount (Rs.)	
cost of making	Kilogram	82.8	
Current Market Value	Kilogram	250-300	
Expected Selling Price	Rs	200	

Selling price calculation for Amla Pickle (per cycle)			
Description	Unit	Amount (Rs.)	
cost of making	Kilogram	143	
Current Market Value	Kilogram	200-300	
Expected Selling Price	Rs	240	

income and expenditureOf Analysis ( Monthly):

Description	Amount (Rs.)
Depreciation at 10% per annum on capital	10000
cost	
Total recurring cost	9850
Total Production of Galgal Pickle per	125
Month(Kg)	
Selling Price (per kg)	200
Income Generation ( 200*125)	25000
Total Production of Amla Pickle per	125
Month(Kg)	
Selling Price (per kg)	240
Income Generation ( 240*125)	30000
Net profit	34300- on monthly basis
distribution of net profit	The profit will be distributed equally
	among the members on
	monthly/yearly basis.
	The profit will be used to meet
	recurring costs.

Profits will be used for further
investments in IGA

#### Finance Requirement:

Description	Total Amount (Rs.)	Project contributions	SHG Contribution
total capital cost	100000	50000	50000
Total recurring cost	20700	0	20700
Training/Capacity Building/Skill Upgradation	50,000	50,000	0
Total	170700	100000	70700

## Pay attention-

- Capital Cost -50% of the capital cost to be covered under the project
- recurring cost -To be borne by Self Help Group/CIG.
- Training/Capacity Building/Skill Upgradation -will be borne by the project

#### Sources of Finance:

Project support	<ul> <li>50% of the capital cost will be used for purchasing machinery and equipment</li> <li>1 lakh will be deposited in the SHG bank account .</li> <li>Training/Capacity Building/Skill Upgradation costs.</li> </ul>	The machinery / equipment will be procured by the respective DMU / FCCU following all the codal formalities.
self help group contribution	<ul> <li>50% of the capital cost will be borne by the self help group, including Includes cost of materials/equipment other than machinery.</li> <li>Recurring costs borne by the self help group</li> </ul>	

#### Training/Capacity Building/Skill Upgradation

Training/capacity building/skill upgradation cost will be borne by the project.
Following are some of the training/capacity building/skill upgradation proposed/required:

Cost-effective procurement of raw materials

- Quality Control
- Packaging and marketing
- financial management

#### Calculating the Break-Even Point

- = Capital Expenditure/Selling Price (per kg)-Cost of Production (per kg)
- = 100000/(200-82.80)
- = 854 kg

In this process 854 kg pickles were Break even will be achieved after selling.

#### Other sources of income:

of villagers/local people from grinding galgal, amla, pulses, wheat, maize etc.

**Bank Loan Repayment -** If loan is taken from bank then it will be in the form of cash credit limit and there is no repayment schedule for CCL; however, monthly savings and repayment receipts from the members should be sent through CCL.

- In CCL, the outstanding principal of the SHGs should be paid in full to the banks once a
  year. The interest amount should be paid on a monthly basis.
- In term loans , the repayment should be done as per the repayment schedule in banks.

#### Monitoring method -

- The Social Audit Committee of VFDS will monitor the progress and performance of the IGA and suggest corrective actions, if necessary, to ensure the operation of the unit as per projections.
- The SHG should review the progress and performance of the IGA of each member and suggest corrective actions, if necessary, to ensure the operation of the unit as per the projections.

Here are some key indicators to monitor:

- Group size
- fund management
- Investment
- Income generation
- product quality

The total cost of the project is

Capital Cost = 70975/-

Recurring cost = 211500/-

Total for mushroom cultivation =282475/-

Manufacture of pickles and its value addition is the project cost

Capital cost = 100000/-

Recurring cost = 20700/-

Total for pickle making and its value addition project ₹20700/-

The total amount of the business plan is RsOnly 403175/-

serial numbe r	Business plan	Capital cost	Recurring costs	part of the project	Beneficiar y contributio n	Total cost
1.	Mushroo m cultivation	70975/-	211500/-	53231/-	17744/-	282475/-
2.	Pickle making and its value addition	100000/-	20700/-	75000/-	25000/-	120700/-
	Total	170975/-	232200	128231/-	42744/-	403175

#### **Annexation**

#### अनुलग्नक

हम सब समूह सदस्य ने आईजीए गतिविधि में सक्रिय रूप से भाग लेने के लिए सहमित दी है एचपी पारिस्थितिकी तंत्र प्रबंधन और आजीविका में सुधार और वीएफडीएस के साथ समन्वय के लिए जेआईसीए परियोजना के दिशानिर्देश के अनुसार समूह (अश्राहम की स्वेती व आचार) द्वारा चुना गया। गदस्यों का विवरण इस प्रकार है

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